Statistical Data Analysis Problem sheet 6 Due Monday 13 November, 2023

**Exercise 1:** A number n of observed events is modeled as a Poisson distributed variable with mean s + b, where s and b are the expected numbers of events from the signal and background processes, respectively. Suppose b = 3.7 and  $n_{\text{obs}} = 15$  are observed.

**1(a)** [4 marks] Compute the *p*-value of the hypothesis that s = 0. To sum Poisson probabilities, you can use the relation

$$\sum_{n=0}^{m} P(n; \nu) = 1 - F_{\chi^2}(2\nu; n_{\text{dof}}),$$

where  $P(n; \nu)$  is the Poisson probability for n given a mean value  $\nu$ , and  $F_{\chi^2}$  is the cumulative  $\chi^2$  distribution for  $n_{\text{dof}} = 2(m+1)$  degrees of freedom. This can be computed in python using scipy.stats.chi2.cdf or with the ROOT routine TMath::Prob.

 $\mathbf{1(b)}$  [1 mark] Find the corresponding equivalent Gaussian significance Z and evaluate numerically (see lecture notes).

**Exercise 2:** Suppose x follows a Gaussian distribution with mean  $\mu$  and variance  $\sigma^2$  and consider an independently and identically distributed sample of N values  $x_1, \ldots, x_N$ .

- **2(a)** [1 mark] Write down the log-likelihood function for the mean  $\mu$  and variance  $\sigma^2$ .
- **2(b)** [4 marks] Show that the maximum-likelihood estimators for  $\mu$  and  $\sigma^2$  are

$$\hat{\mu} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} x_i ,$$

$$\widehat{\sigma^2} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} (x_i - \hat{\mu})^2 .$$

- **2(c)** [5 marks] Find the Fisher information matrix for  $\mu$  and  $\sigma^2$  (use  $\theta_1 = \mu$ ,  $\theta_2 = \sigma^2$ ).
- **2(d)** [3 marks] By using this matrix derive the following expressions for the variances of the estimators and their covariance:

$$\begin{split} V[\hat{\mu}] &= \frac{\sigma^2}{N} \,, \\ V[\widehat{\sigma^2}] &= \frac{2\sigma^4}{N} \,, \\ \cos[\hat{\mu}, \widehat{\sigma^2}] &= 0 \,. \end{split}$$

State any assumptions needed to arrive at your answer.

**2(e)** [2 marks] Show with a sketch how one can estimate the standard deviations of  $\hat{\mu}$  and  $\widehat{\sigma^2}$  using the log-likelihood function. State how the sketch reflects in this case the appropriate value of the covariance of the two estimators.